

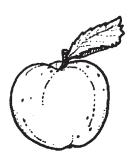
# QUICK PRACTICE WRITING SKILLS Grades 2-3

Dozens of Reproducible Pages
That Give Kids Practice
in Grammar, Mechanics, Spelling,
and Other Key Writing Skills

by Mar cia Miller and Martin Lee

NEW YORK • TORONTO • LONDON • AUKLAND • SYDNEY MEXICO CITY • NEW DELHI • HONG KONG • BUENOS AIRES





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#### **ABOUT THIS BOOK**

s teachers, we want to guide students to become good writers, to empower them to communicate in writing as freely, naturally, and effectively as they do when speaking.

#### Quick Practice Writing Skills: Grades 2-3

is one of a series of four grade-specific books for students K-8. Each book has a dual purpose—to sharpen students' skills as writers, and to provide ways you can help to prepare them for success when they take standardized tests of writing.

Because writing is such a crucial measure of one's ability to communicate, many school districts and state departments of education utilize approved lists of writing standards at each grade level that students are expected to meet. Writing has increasingly become a regular component of standardized testing. In addition to short-answer items, standardized tests ask students to plan, write, edit, and present a finished piece of independent writing on a given topic.

#### Quick Practice Writing Skills: Grades 2–3

gives students opportunities to practice and develop some of the key skills and strategies of the writing process. By using this book, your students will grow as writers.

Good writing doesn't happen by chance. We become skilled writers because we write—and keep on writing. We write to express fact, opinion, humor, memory, feelings, admiration, criticism, and creativity. We write to instruct, inform, and interpret. The more we write, the more we understand about writing. We learn to mold a piece of writing to a given purpose, to fit a particular audience, and to achieve a certain result.

**Quick Practice Writing Skills: Grades 2–3** addresses the many ways that standardized tests may evaluate students' ability to express themselves as writers.

The activity pages you will find in *Quick Practice Writing Skills: Grades 2-3* are based on recent versions of an assortment of testing instruments, as well as a compilation of standards applied to language arts and writing. They provide various formats and levels of complexity within the targeted grade range. Each page or activity is self-contained and concise enough to be used as a warm-up or follow-up to a related lesson within your writing curriculum. While some activity pages have questions with only one correct answer, others are open-ended, mirroring many of the newer standardized tests.

In developing these books, we have drawn upon a wide range of materials and resources. One very useful Web site you may wish to explore can be found at <a href="https://www.mcrel.org">www.mcrel.org</a>. Here, you can examine a wealth of materials about standards-based education in general as well as specific curriculum standards, testing, and position papers.

# **Quick Practice Writing Skills: Grades 2–3** can help your students develop greater confidence and feel more relaxed in a test-taking situation.

Test taking is like any task—the more it is practiced, the less daunting it becomes. The activities in this book cannot substitute for the standardized testing instruments your students will take, as mandated by your school district and/or state education department. But they can decrease some of the anxiety and mystery surrounding standards and standardized testing.

# **USING THIS BOOK**

**Quick Practice Writing Skills: Grades 2–3** has been organized into four main sections that reflect the general aspects of writing:

- 1. General Concepts of W riting
- **2.** Conventions of Grammar , Mechanics, and Style
- 3. Steps of the W riting Pr ocess
- **4.** Resear ching and Gathering Infor mation

Within each section, we address a particular aspect of writing in quantifiable and grade-appropriate ways. Obviously, in a book of this length, it is not possible to test everything, nor can one book be certain to dovetail with every aspect of your particular writing curriculum or the standards your students are expected to meet. Simply regard the sections as broadstroke plans of organization.

Standardized writing tests include shortanswer and free-form writing tasks. In this book we include both. You will find certain writing skills exercised in short-answer items. You will also find ample opportunities for open-ended writing.

At the back of the book, you will find suggested ideas for writing group stories; a reproducible "bubble sheet," which gives children practice using a common standardized test format; and a Writer's Self-Evaluation Checklist children can use as an aid to refine their writing before handing it in. You will also find selected answers and brief teacher notes.

Here are some suggestions for using *Quick Practice Writing Skills: Grades 2-3:* 

- Present the activity pages in any order you wish.
- Allow pages to be completed independently, in pairs, in small groups, or by the whole class as a group activity. Use your best judgment.

- You may have to read directions aloud to remove a potential stumbling block for lessindependent readers.
- You may wish to do a sample exercise together, as you see fit.
- Feel free to take any format we provide in this book and revise it to fit your students' needs. Use any exercise as a springboard for similar activities you create, or extend and develop it into a complete lesson or project.
- Take the time to review and discuss students' responses. Analyze the responses for diagnostic use.
- Print and distribute (or post) the Tried & True Test-Taking Tips on page 6. Discuss them with your class and invite students to add their own useful suggestions to the list.
- You might introduce RUSTY, the test-taking mascot. Use a stuffed animal or hand puppet as a friendly device to reinforce five simple steps for good test taking:

R ead the directions.

Understand what to do.

S earch for clues.

T hink about your answer.

Y ou can do it!



#### TRIED & TRUE TEST-TAKING TIPS

Get plenty of rest the night before the test. Eat a healthy breakfast. Wear comfortable clothing. Get to school on time! Gather all the materials you need—sharp pencils, erasers, scratch paper, and so on. Bring your positive attitude! Listen to or read instructions carefully. If you don't understand something, raise your hand and ask for help. Work purposefully and carefully. Read the whole question and all the given answer choices before marking anything. Don't let other people distract you. Stick to the task. Try to answer ALL questions. But if you are stumped, take a deep breath and move on. Come back to the question later. If you change your mind, erase your first answer completely. If you aren't sure, choose the answer that seems best to you. Double-check your answers, if you have time. Proofread your writing. Neatness counts! Make sure that all your writing is legible.

Name	
NULLIC	

## **TEST-TAKING PRACTICE**

#### Follow the directions.

1. Draw a circle around the clock.







2. Circle the letter.



#

3. Underline the basket.







4. Connect the 8's.











**5.** Mark the middle oval.







6. Fill in the blank.

30, 40, \_\_\_\_,60, 70, 80



7. Match the people and hats.













8. Draw an X on the one that does NOT belong.



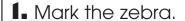






## **MORE TEST-TAKING PRACTICE**

#### Follow the directions.









**5.** Underline the clown.





2. Which is the fork?



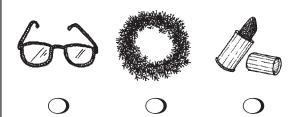
**6.** Draw an X on the unhappy child.







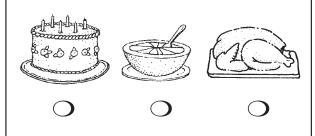
**3**■ Shade the space for lipstick.



7. Circle the letter R.

D P R F

**4.** Fill the space for the fruit.



**8.** Match the pictures.













# **PART 1:**

# GENERAL CONCEPTS OF WRITING



Name.	
-------	--

# **PLAN A TRIP**

Let's go camping in the wood	ds!	Draw three things to bring. Write about what you draw.
THE WAY WELL THE WAY WE WAY TO SEE THE WAY TO SEE T	The state of the s	
THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY	<b>O</b>	
CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O		
The real framework of		
The weeks would not not be well to see weeks with a comme		

Name	
------	--

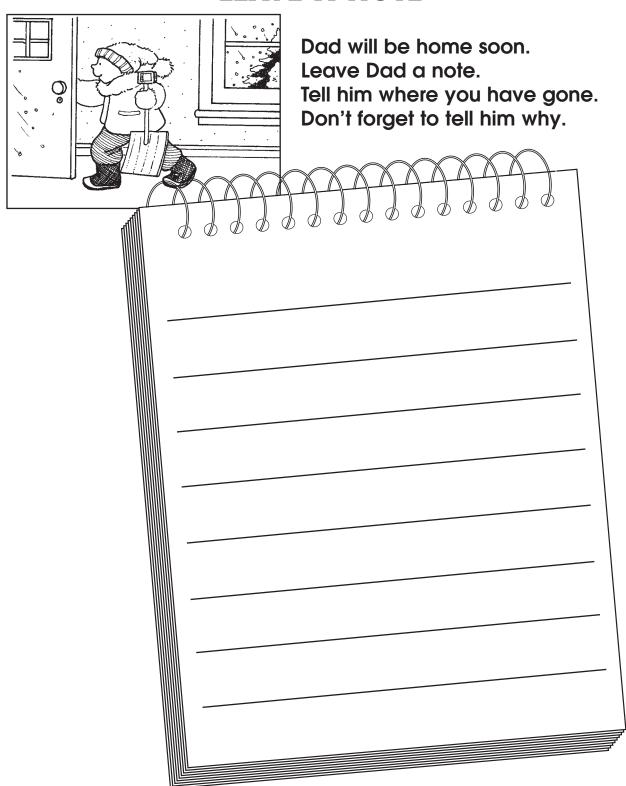
# **MAKE A LIST**

What is in the science room? Make a list. Draw pictures, too.	20000000

# **INVITE A FRIEND**

	In	vite			to sle					hou	se.	
			Dr	aw (	or wr	ite w	hat	to so	ay.			

# **LEAVE A NOTE**



# **MAKE A CHART**

Look at the picture. Fill in the chart about who you see.



I SEE	<b>HOW MANY?</b>

Name	
------	--

# **FINISH THE CHART**

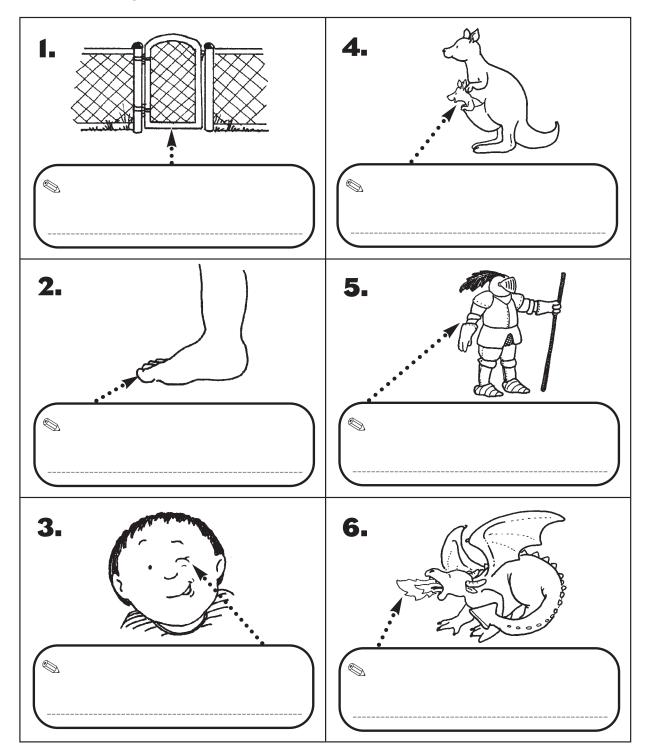
What do kids like to play with? Write the words. Draw the pictures.

#### THINGS TO PLAY WITH

	000000000000
WORDS	PICTURES S
	- 9
	6
	-8
	- S
	0
	- 3
	_ 6
	9
	6 2 6 6 6 6 6 6

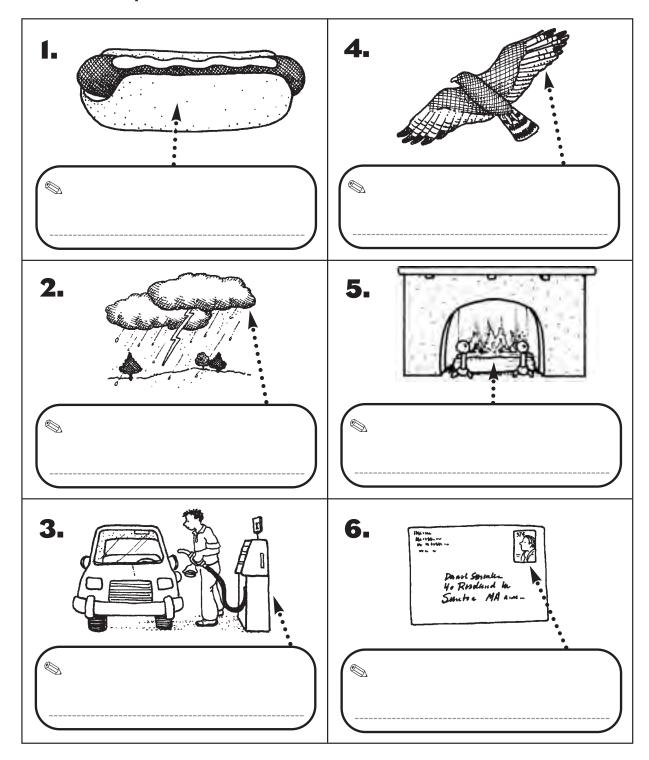
# LABELS (1)

Label each picture. Write a word on the line.



# LABELS (2)

Label each picture. Write a word on the line.



#### WRITE A WORD

Write a word that begins with the same sound the picture does.















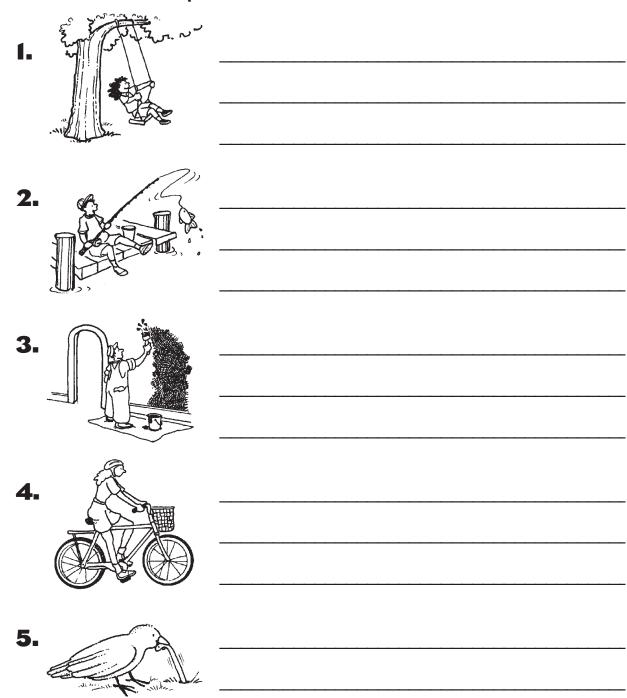






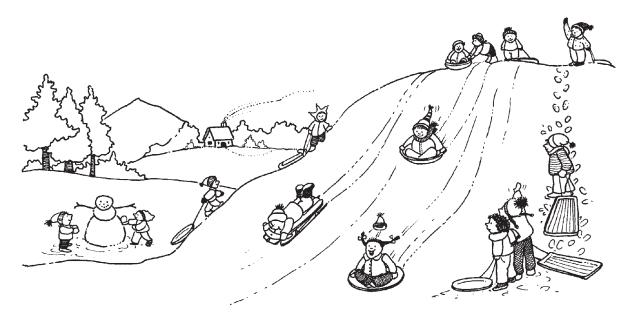
# **WORDS AND SPACES**

Write a sentence about each picture.
Be sure to leave space between each word.



Name	
NIAMA	
1 316 11 11 11	

# TELL ABOUT IT (1)



Look at the picture. What is going on? Write about it.


Name .....

# **TELL ABOUT IT (2)**



Look	at the	picture.	What is	aoina	on?	Write	about	it.
LOUI	<b>GI III</b>	pioidio.	**************************************	901119		*****	about	


# **MAKE A SENTENCE**

Use all the words in each box to write a sentence.

the old

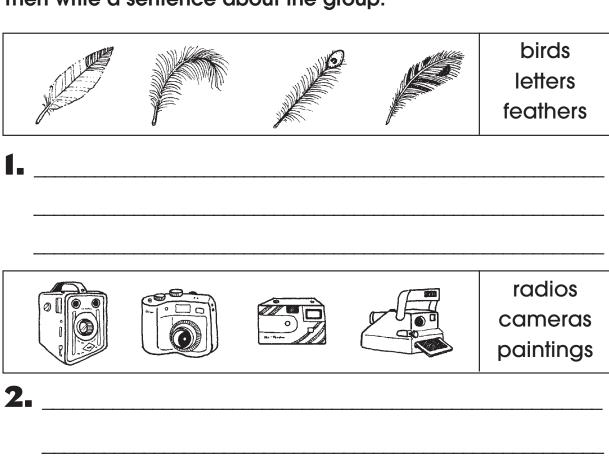
is cat

- where are slippers
- some cookies let's
- is
  book
  this
  hard
  too
- shows right who answer the knows

Name
WRITE SOME MORE
Finish the sentence. Then write another sentence that comes next.
1. That pizza was way too
2. I forgot to tell
3. Can you help us to
4. The music makes me want to
5. Dark clouds may mean that

# NAME THE GROUP (1)

Look at the group in each box. Circle the word that names it. Then write a sentence about the group.











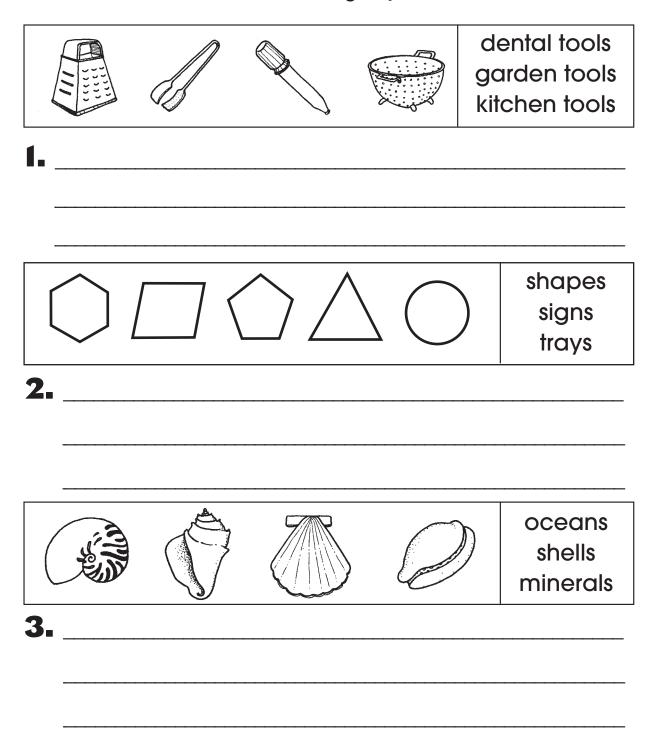
boats planes trains

<b>3.</b>	 	 	

Name.	
-------	--

# NAME THE GROUP (2)

Look at the group in each box. Circle the word that names it. Then write a sentence about the group.



FINISH THE PARAGRAPHS			
These paragraphs are not finished. Read what is already written. Then add to it.			
We went on a whale watch.  We left the dock at 7:30 in the			
morning. It was a cloudy day. The wooden boat was old			
but sturdy. There were about twenty			
2. On the way back to shore, we were tired and hungry.			
It had been a long day, but we had seen some great sights.			
The whales seemed curious. They swam close to			

Name .....

Name	
INGILIC	***************************************

# PUT IN ORDER (1)

# Look at the pictures.

Which comes first? Write 1.

Which comes next? Write 2.

Which comes last? Write 3.

Then write the story the pictures show.







Ν	lam	0	
1 \	uii		

# **PUT IN ORDER (2)**

#### Look at the pictures.

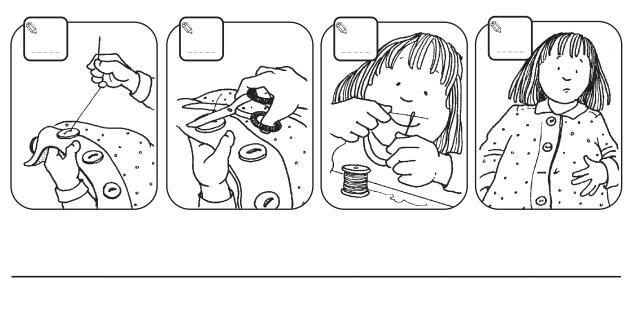
Which comes first? Write 1.

Which comes next? Write 2.

Which comes after that? Write 3.

Which comes last? Write 4.

Then write the story the pictures show.

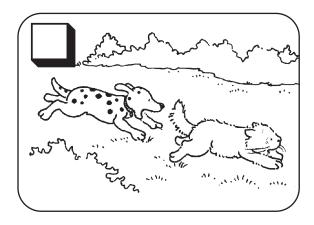


\_\_\_\_\_

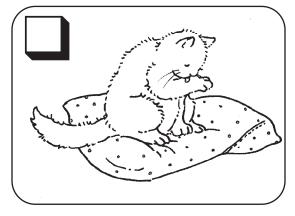
# WHAT HAPPENED BEFORE?

Look at the big picture.
Which small picture came *before*?

Check ✓ that picture. Tell how you know.





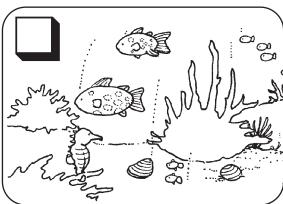


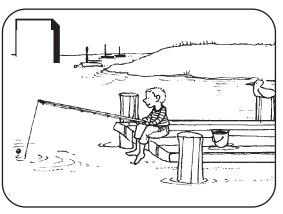
B 1		
IΝΙ	$\alpha$ m $\alpha$	
1 /1	C II I I <del>C </del>	

# WHAT HAPPENS NEXT?

Look at the big picture.
Which small picture comes *next*?
Check ✓ that picture. Tell how you know.

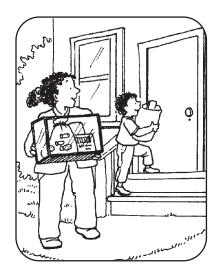






# TELL A STORY (1)

Look at the pictures. Write the story they show.







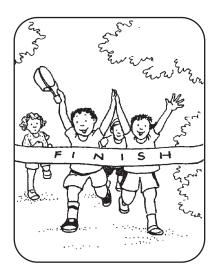

Name .....

# TELL A STORY (2)

Look at the pictures. Write the story they show.








Name	
MAMA	
1 40 11 11 11	

# **WRITE A REPORT**

Look at the picture. What do you think is going on? Write a report that gives your idea.


Name	
1 101110	***************************************

# TAKE A MESSAGE

Your teacher calls your house. She wants to talk to your mom. But your mom is not home. Fill out the form to leave a phone message. (You can make up the information.)

Message for: Time of Call: Name of Caller:
Who is this person?
Message:
Caller's Phone Number: Who took this message?

# **PART 2:**

# CONVENTIONS OF GRAMMAR, MECHANICS, AND STYLE



Name .....

# FIND THE NOUN

Mark the letter of the word that is a noun.

1.	<u>That</u>	<u>purple</u>	coat	<u>has</u>	shiny	buttons.
	_	B	_	_	•	

- 3. Actually, my best friend is younger than I am.

  (a) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. All kids bring their <u>lunches</u> to school on Field Day.

  (B) (C) (D)
- **5.** She bought a colorful postcard of Maine.
- 6. Henry is the fastest runner in our class.
- **7.** Do you know where we can find blue polish?
- **8.** Long ago, pencils <u>did</u> not have <u>erasers</u> on <u>them</u>.

  (a)
- **9.** If you ask  $\underline{me}$ ,  $\underline{that}$   $\underline{movie}$  was boring.
- Neither of us has read that booklet.

  (a) (b) (c) (c) (d)
- With this song, we pray for peace on earth.

  (a) (B) (C) (D)
- 12. That <u>lamp</u> is the <u>brightest</u> one <u>in</u> the <u>whole</u> house.

  (a)

  (b)

Na	me
	NOUN NAMES
	ch sentence has a noun shown in <b>boldface</b> . Write whether at noun names a <i>person</i> , a <i>place</i> , a <i>thing</i> , or an <i>idea</i> .
	The giant <b>panda</b> is a kind of bear.
2.	Pandas live in the forests of <b>China</b> .
3.	Scientists thought they were related to raccoons.
4.	Pandas can't roar, but they make a bleating <b>sound</b> .
5.	Have you read <i>Giant Panda</i> by <b>Melissa</b> Kim?
6.	Pandas are popular with <b>visitors</b> to the zoo.
7.	The zoo shop sells a cute panda <b>puppet</b> .
8.	Zoo pandas don't have <b>freedom</b> to roam.
9.	Pandas cannot walk on their hind <b>legs</b> .
10.	Pandas spend most of their <b>time</b> eating.
11.	Ruth <b>Harkness</b> brought the first live giant panda from China to America in 1936.

12. Capturing pandas is now against the law in China.

N I	
Name	
110110	

# WRITE THE PLURAL

Fill in the chart of nouns. The first one has been done for you.

	ONE	MANY
1.	tiger	tigers
2.	soldier	
3.	desk	
4.	bench	
5.	fox	
6.	city	
7.	family	
8.	turkey	
9.	leaf	
10.	life	
11.	child	
12.	man	
13.	foot	
14.	goose	
15.	deer	

Name	
NAMA	
1 310 11 11 11	
110110	

# WRITE THE SINGULAR

Fill in the chart of nouns. The first one has been done for you.

	LOTS OF	BUT ONLY ONE
1.	faces	face
2.	apples	
3.	chairs	
4.	lunches	
5.	boxes	
6.	candies	
7.	berries	
8.	monkeys	
9.	knives	
10.	halves	
11.	heroes	
12.	echoes	
13.	sheep	
14.	women	
15.	mice	

#### **PICK THE PRONOUN**

Circle the letter beside the pronoun that best completes the sentence.

1. Dad didn't bother to hang up jacket. a. he **b.** him **c.** his **d.** her 2. iust tossed the iacket onto the couch. a. He **b.** Him **c.** His **d.** They 3. Queenie, our dog, needed a place to hide \_\_\_\_\_bone. **b.** him **c.** your **d.** her **a.** she **4.** So \_\_\_\_\_ pushed it into the sleeve of the jacket. a. she **b.** him **c.** your **d.** her Dad remembered that \_\_\_\_\_\_left a note in the jacket pocket. a. she b. me c. he d. them "Relax, dear. I'll get it for \_\_\_\_\_," said Mom. a. your b. you c. I d. he **7.** When she picked up the jacket, \_\_\_\_\_ felt too heavy. a. they b. it c. he d. you **8.** Something went *thud*, and Queenie ran in to see \_\_\_\_\_. a. him b. them c. it **d.** I "Well, Queenie," scolded Mom, "\_\_\_\_\_ are a rascal!" **b.** they **c.** it **d.** you **a.** he 10. After that, \_\_\_\_ all had a good laugh together.

**a.** we **b.** us **c.** them **d.** my

#### FIND THE VERB

#### Mark the letter of the word that is a verb.

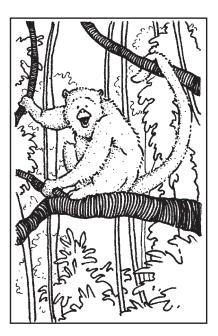
- Many kinds of animals live in B © the rain forest.
- 2. Some people use the word

  (a) (B)

  jungle instead of rain forest.

  (b) (c) (d)
- Colorful birds, such as parrots, fly

  (a)
  (b)
  (c)
  (d)
  (d)
  (e)
  (e)
  (e)
  (fly)
  (e)
  (fly)
  (e)
  (fly)
  (fly)



- 4. Howler monkeys screech at each other as they climb.

  (a) (b) (c) (c)
- 5. Snakes wind around branches and slither on the ground.

  (B) (C) (D)
- **6.** You can hear the steady hum of insects at work.

  (a) (b) (c) (o)
- 7. Millions of creatures make their homes in rain forests.

  (a) (B) (C) (D)
- 8. One rain-forest butterfly has wings that are a foot wide!

  (B) (C) (D)
- Many kinds of plants grow only in rain forests.
   ©
   ©
- Scientists know of thousands of kinds of ferns!

  (a) (B) (C) (D)
- But don't forget: People need rain forests, too.

  (B) (C) (D)
- 12. They eat tropical fruits, such as mangoes and pineapples.

  (B) (C) (D)

# **PICK THE VERB FORM**

Circle the letter beside the verb form that best completes the sentence.

1.	Joe and I de		<del></del>	
	<b>a.</b> join	<b>b.</b> joining	c. joins	
2.	Wetakes			
3.	Our swim coo	ach	_a	ه ا
4.	She a. makes	us practice o		
5.	Last week, w a. learn	etl <b>b.</b> learned		
6.	I think it	the hard		to do.
7.	But I love to a splash	make the wa <b>b.</b> splashes		
8.	Last time, I _ <b>a.</b> get	<b>b.</b> gets		er in my nose.
9.		ne cough an <b>b.</b> made		out I got over it. ng
10-	Can you	to our	swim meet	next week?

a. coming

**b.** came **c.** come

Name	
USE THE VERB	
Write a sentence using the verb given.	
1. wrapped	
2. sang	
3. likes	
4. wrote	
5. were	
6. will bring	
-	

Nar	ne		
	USE VERB TENSES		
Write a form of the verb shown in <b>boldface</b> to finish each sentence. The first one has been done for you.			
1.	Yesterday I <b>ate</b> tuna for lunch, but today I will <u>eat</u> pizza.		
2.	At her party last year, Jenny <b>blew</b> out only three candles.		
	This year, she will out all of them!		
3.	Today Jed <b>drinks</b> lemonade with his lunch, but yesterday		
	he milk.		
4.	Can you <b>dig</b> a hole as deep as the one we		
	over there?		
<b>5.</b>	Paco <b>brings</b> the snack for today because Ramon		
	the snack last time.		
6.	Ed <b>forgot</b> the words to the song, but I won't		

	them.	
<b>7.</b>	Lori <b>left</b> at five, but we won't	until seven.

**8.** We **saw** a great movie about frogs. Have you \_\_\_\_\_\_ it yet?

- **9.** I'll **tell** you the silly joke that my cousin \_\_\_\_\_ me.
- Can you write another poem as fine as the one you about the sunset?

Nam	1e			
	USE A BETTER VERB  These sentences have plain verbs. Rewrite each sentence using a more exciting verb.			
<b>1.</b> K	evin <u>walked</u> to the ball field.			
2.	The very hungry dog <u>ate</u> his supper.			
<b>3.</b>	Marla <u>ran</u> to catch the school bus.			
<b>4.</b>	The tired hikers <u>came</u> home.			
<b>5.</b> \	When the dog barked, the cat <u>went</u> under the fence.			
<b>6.</b>	The chef loves to <u>make</u> fancy desserts.			
<b>7.</b> /	After the race, Billy <u>sat</u> on a blanket in the shade.			
8.	"Where did I <u>put</u> my keys?" wondered Dad.			

# FIND THE ADJECTIVE

Mark the letter of the word that is an adjective. Our <u>sun</u> is really a <u>special</u> <u>star</u>. It is a huge, fiery ball in the universe. The <u>sun</u> is <u>so hot</u> that it <u>can</u> heat the earth. The <u>bright</u> sun is hotter <u>than</u> all the <u>fires</u> on <u>earth</u>. Too much sun can <u>burn</u> your <u>skin</u> and make you <u>sick</u>. The <u>moon</u> is <u>our nearest neighbor</u> in space. Brave men walked on the moon for the first time in 1969. <u>During</u> the <u>month</u>, we can see the moon in <u>different</u> <u>shapes</u>. The moon's <u>dark</u> spots are <u>called</u> seas, <u>but</u> they have no water. ■ Moon soil is much too dry for plants to grow there. The astronauts left jagged footprints on the moon.

**12.** Maybe someday, <u>curious visitors</u> can <u>travel</u> to see them!

Name	
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#### **MAKE COMPARISONS**

The word in **boldface** is an adjective. Write a different form of the adjective to complete each sentence. The first has been done for you.

1.	Diego can run <b>fast</b> , but Carl is even	faster
2.	Shelly is <b>older</b> than Rose, but Patty is the	·
3.	A cow is a <b>big</b> animal, but a moose is _	·
4.	Plain pizza is <b>good</b> , but pizza with peppe	eroni is
5.	A <b>bad</b> cut can getit well.	if you don't clean
6.	It will be a <b>funnier</b> joke if you use your _	voice.
7.	If one donut makes you <b>happy</b> , will two	donuts make you
8.	Mom was <b>busy</b> before, but with the new	w baby she
	is than ever.	
9.	The storm is <b>worse</b> now, but theyet to come.	is
10.	Her eyes arethe	an the <b>bluest</b> ocean.

Name
USE A BETTER ADJECTIVE  These sentences have boring adjectives. Rewrite each sentence, using a more exciting adjective.  1. That puppy has nice fur.
2. The sunset was <u>pretty</u> tonight!
<b>3.</b> The teacher's baby is <u>cute</u> .
4. He read a <u>dumb</u> story.
<b>5.</b> We ate at a <u>good</u> restaurant.
6. New York is a really great city.

**7.** She had a  $\underline{\text{fine}}$  time at the party.

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#### **ANSWER WITH ADVERBS**

Adverbs can tell *when*, *where*, *how*, or *how much*.

Answer each question using an adverb from the box below.

Make sure to write a full sentence.

always	hungrily	loudly	never
quickly	sometimes	usually	very

When do bears take a long sleep?



- 2. Where do bears do this sleeping?
- 3. How do bears eat when they finally wake up?
- 4. How does an angry bear's growl sound?
- 5. Where can you see a real bear?

Name	
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#### **COMBINE TWO SENTENCES**

Read each pair of short sentences. Write both ideas in one longer sentence. Use words from the box below to help you.

and because but for neither since though

<b>1.</b> Dogs eat meat. Cows eat grain.					
2. Greg plays hockey. Greg is on the hockey team.					
3. Labor Day is in September. Flag Day is in June.					
4. I picked a blue coat. My favorite color is blue.					
<b>5.</b> Dinah likes to spell hard words. <i>Elephant</i> is a hard word.					

#### **USE FIGURES OF SPEECH**

Circle the words that have the same meaning as the expression in **boldface**.

- **1.** Hank is **all thumbs** today.
  - a. clumsy
  - **b.** sick
  - c. sneaky
  - **d.** happy
- 2. I'll break the news to her.
  - a. help
  - **b.** ignore
  - c. tell
  - d. hurt
- 3. Leah eats like a bird.
  - a. gobbles her food
  - **b.** picks at her food
  - c. buries her food
  - **d.** sings while she eats
- **4.** They **got wind** of the plan.
  - a. called off
  - **b.** invented
  - c. were mad about
  - d. heard about

- 5. Won't you have a heart?
  - a. fall in love
  - **b.** be kind
  - c. see the doctor
  - d. take a nap
- **6.** It's time to hit the road now.
  - a. leave
  - **b.** drive
  - c. eat
  - d. study
- **7.** I can finally **let my hair down**.
  - a. shower
  - **b.** dress up
  - **c.** relax
  - d. dance
- 8. You'll just have to sit tight.
  - a. snuggle down
  - **b.** squeeze together
  - c. be patient
  - d. escape

Name
EXPLAIN FIGURES OF SPEECH
Each sentence below has a figure of speech shown in <b>boldface</b> . Think about what those words mean. Rewrite each sentence. Keep the same meaning, but don't use the figure of speech.
1. As the teacher told the story, the class was all ears.
2. Don't beat around the bush—just say it!
3. One day, you will eat your words.
4. It's midnight! Shouldn't we hit the hay?
5. Those two never see eye to eye on anything.

#### **SPELLING SOUNDS**

In each row, draw an X in the boxes beside the two pictures whose word names begin with the same letters.

1.			
2.			
3.			
4.	11		30
5.			
6.			Programme of the second

Name	
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# WRITE A WORD (1)

- Write a word that starts with pr.
- 2. Write a word that starts with fl.
- **3.** Write a word that starts with **dr**.
- **4.** Write a word that starts with **sm**.
- **5.** Write a word that starts with **sh**.
- **6.** Write a word that starts with **th**.
- 7. Write a word that starts with **kn**.
- **8.** Write a word that starts with **qu**.

Name	
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# WRITE A WORD (2)

1.	Write a	word th	at ends	with :	ft.	

- **3.** Write a word that ends with **mp**.
- 4. Write a word that ends with **nch**.
- **5.** Write a word that ends with **ng**.
- **6.** Write a word that ends with **ck**.
- 7. Write a word that ends with st.
- **8.** Write a word that ends with **sh**.

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# **SPELL CHECK**

In each row, circle the word that is spelled wrong. If all the words are spelled right, circle No Mistake.

1.	middle	midle	riddle	No Mistake
2.	large	garage	barje	No Mistake
3.	dancing	fencing	forced	No Mistake
4.	vacation	action	fraktion	No Mistake
5.	sleeve	believe	receive	No Mistake
6.	explane	unchain	against	No Mistake
7.	breakfast	lunch	dinnor	No Mistake
8.	square	skirt	scarf	No Mistake
9.	trinket	blankit	thankful	No Mistake
10.	measure	pleasant	lether	No Mistake
11.	childrun	different	problem	No Mistake
12.	meself	ourselves	selfish	No Mistake
13.	sugar	ashes	finish	No Mistake
14.	gentle	jungle	gardin	No Mistake
15.	turkey	monky	skunk	No Mistake

Name	
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#### **SPELLING MISTAKES**

Read each sentence. Decide which underlined word is spelled wrong. Fill in the circle beneath the misspelled word.

- 1. You <u>could</u> have <u>been</u> <u>hirt</u>.
- **2.** He <u>spild</u> the <u>milk</u> on the <u>kitchen</u> floor.
- **3.** Who did you work with at sckool today?

  (B) (C)
- **4.** Maybe we  $\underline{\text{kin}}$  have  $\underline{\text{chicken}}$  for  $\underline{\text{dinner}}$ .
- **5.** They went to a <u>sunny iland</u> near the <u>ocean</u>.
- **6.** Mom works on the top <u>floor</u> of that <u>modern</u> <u>bilding</u>.

  (a)

  (b)
- **7.** Everyware we looked, <u>people</u> were holding <u>signs</u>.

  (B)
- **8.** She ran to <u>anser</u> the phone <u>before</u> the ringing <u>stopped</u>.

  <a href="#">
  <a href="#">®</a>
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- **9.** Cats who've had <u>enuff</u> to eat may <u>leave</u> food in the <u>bowl</u>.

  (B)
- 10. That <u>teacher</u> <u>aksed</u> us some hard <u>questions</u>.

  (a)
  (b)

	UPPERCASE AND LOWERCASE
	ite the missing letters. Use a capital letter where it is needed. e a lowercase letter where it is needed.
1.	H or h
	is name is Spanish, butis parents are Chinese!
2.	D or d
	Weid many fun things when we were inenver.
3.	R or r
	I live on Mapleoad,ight near the library.
4.	L or I
	Theight was so low,inda couldn't read her book
5.	<b>W</b> or <b>w</b>
	Ionder whereendy will have her party.
6.	T or t
	Iake vitamins every day, but onuesday I forgot.
7.	I or i
	My favorite foods pizza, but also love shrimp.
8.	S or s
	The knight,ir John, was atrong warrior.

Name		
	FOR	M COMPOUND WORDS
	•	d word is made of two shorter words. a compound word made from <i>snow</i> + <i>flake</i> .
to make	four com	ist A with another word in List B pound words. und words on lines 1 through 4.
LIST A	LIST B	1
jelly	day	2
base	fish	<b>—</b>
back	ball	3
birth	pack	4
Now wri	te a sent	ence for each compound word you formed
5		
6		

**8.** \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_

Name	
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#### **HOMOPHONES**

Be careful! Some words sound alike but have different spellings. Pick the correct word for each sentence. Write it on the line.

ate or eight	<b>1.</b> Our car is	years old.	
hole or whole	<b>2.</b> He learned the by heart.	poem	
meat or meet	<b>3.</b> May we	the queen?	
<b>plain</b> or <b>plane</b>	<b>4.</b> She wore a	white dress.	
blew or blue	<b>5.</b> Winds	_ the leaves off the trees	
right or write	<b>6.</b> It's time to	that note.	
flour or flower	7. The cake needs two cups of		
one or won	8. Did you hear who	the race?	
pair or pear	9. Tom knit a	of red socks.	
weak or week	<b>10.</b> They will be away for one		

# **END MARKS**

Write the best end mark. Use or 2 or 1.

- Who is your teacher\_\_\_
- 2. Oh no, my team lost \_\_\_
- **3.** Let's meet after school\_\_\_
- 4. Can we get a dog\_\_
- 5. Stop right now\_\_
- **6.** Why is the water running \_\_\_
- 7. It is cool today\_\_\_
- **8.** Hey, leave my toys alone\_\_\_
- **9.** What is Mom's favorite color\_\_\_
- 10. That was a big problem \_\_\_

Name.	
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#### WATCH THE PUNCTUATION

# Shade the box beside the sentence that has NO punctuation mistake.

- **1.** A They wont eat those snacks.
  - **B** We can't have any more.
  - C Mrs. Hardy doesnt' know how to swim.
- 2. A He was born on September 30 1996.
  - **B** Dad cannot find his gray sock's.
  - C Let's have some ice cream.
- 3. A Chicago is called "The Windy City."
  - **B** St Paul is the capital, of Minnesota.
  - C Texas, is the Lone Star State.
- 4. A Do you want? to play checkers
  - **B** Are you almost done.
  - C Those speed skaters go so fast!
- **5.** A The dessert was warm, gooey, and delicious.
  - **B** Our flag is red white, and blue.
  - **C** The cats are named, Socks Tiger and Puffy.
- **6.** A School ends at 300 P.M.
  - B We have dinner at 6:00 P.M.
  - **C** We go to bed at 9;30 P.M.
- 7. A Mount. Sunflower is the highest point in Kansas.
  - **B** E. B White wrote Stuart Little.
  - C This is Dr. Mary Diamond, my dentist.

# PART 3:

# STEPS OF THE WRITING PROCESS



N 1	
Nama	
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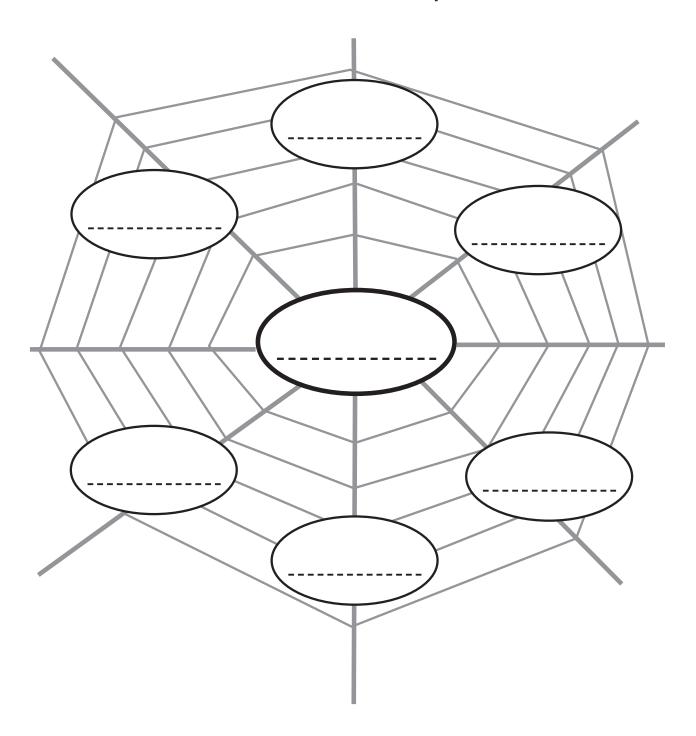
# PREWRITING: DRAW A PICTURE

What will you see at an amusement park?	5666666666666666
Draw pictures. List words and ideas, too.	3
Lisi Words and Ideas, 100.	ğ ğ
	_ 6
	- 3 9
	- 9 9
	- E
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# PREWRITING: MAKE AN IDEA WEB

Pretend that your class is studying spiders. Fill in the web with ideas to learn about spiders.



Name		<u>-</u>			
PREWRITIN	G: BUILD STOR	RY BLOCKS			
ideas for that title. Tel	title below. Then fill in I where the story take beginning, middle, ar read.	es place. Then write			
L	ost on an Island!				
Setting:					
Beginning	Middle	End			
V	Who Has a Key?				
Setting:					
Beginning	Middle	End			

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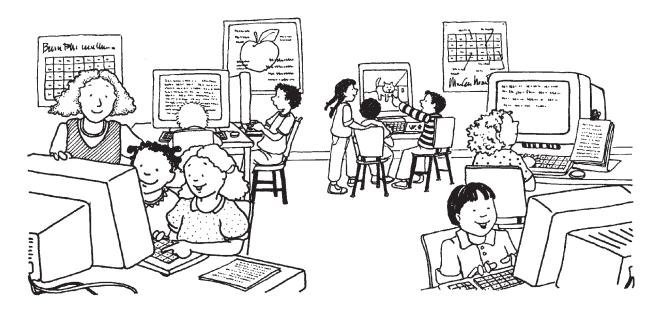
# PREWRITING: USE A CHARACTER MAP

Make up a character for a story.
Use this map to plan what this character is like.

LOOKS		PERSONALITY
	The Character's Name:	
FEELINGS		HABITS

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Name	
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# PREWRITING: WHAT DO YOU SEE?



Take notes about what you see. List lots of good details.							

N	ar	റമ	
IΝ	ai.		

# PREWRITING: I KNOW, I WANT TO KNOW

Look at each picture. Write something you know about it. Write something you want to know about it.

PICTURE	I KNOW	I WANT TO KNOW
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		

N	ar	ne	
IΝ	u	ПE	

# **PREWRITING: ASK QUESTIONS (1)**

Imagine an airplane pilot visits your class. What questions would you ask? Write them below.



1. What	
	?
2. Who	
	?
3. How	
	?
4. When	
<b>5.</b> Why	
6. Where	
	2

Name	
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# **PREWRITING: ASK QUESTIONS (2)**

Pretend you are a reporter.
Write two questions to ask each person.



This is Marvin the Mighty. He is a famous strong man. What do you want to ask him?

1	 		 
2.			



This is Sally Kent. She trains horses. What do you want to ask her?

·	
	_
	_
2	

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# PREWRITING: ASK QUESTIONS (3)

Pretend you are a reporter.
Write two questions to ask each person.



This is Dr. Lisa. She is a scientist. She studies mice. What do you want to ask her?

1	 	 	
2.			



This is Gary.
He is a basketball player.
What do you want to ask him?

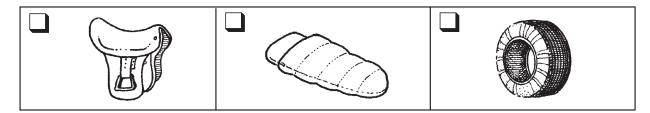
1	 	 	
2.			
_			

N 1	
Nama	
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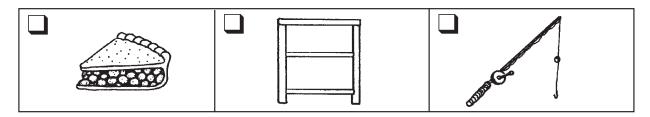
### **DRAFTING: WHICH BELONGS?**

Mark the correct box.

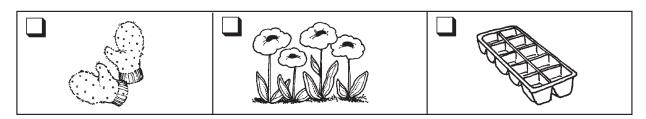
### **1.** Which belongs in a car?



### 2. Which belongs at the library?



### 3. Which belongs in the freezer?



Now choose one: a car, the library, or the freezer. Write a good topic sentence for the start of a story about it.

Name
DRAFTING: SUPPORTING DETAILS
Read each topic sentence. Then write two more sentences that add supporting details.
1. It was a quiet day at the pet shop.
2. The teacher was looking all through her desk for something
3. At the top of the Ferris wheel we stopped moving.

Name		
DRAFTING	B: BEGINNING,	MIDDLE, END
•	-	a short story about it. , a middle, and an end.
What a Party!	Learning to Skate	I Can't Fall Asleep
Title:		
Beginning:		
Middle:		
<u></u>		
End:		

	DRAFTING: ORGANIZE A STORY
	e the sentences in an order that tells a story. I details to make the story complete.
1.	He was in a happy mood. Dad took us to a restaurant. Dad came home early. "I have some good news," he said.
2.	What a mess! It stuck to the pan. We made oatmeal. We spilled the milk.

Name .....

Name	
1 101110	***************************************

### **DRAFTING: WRITE THE STEPS**

Tell how to play tic-tac-toe. Write the steps in order. Give the important information. Use as many steps as you need.

X	0	0
	X	
0		X

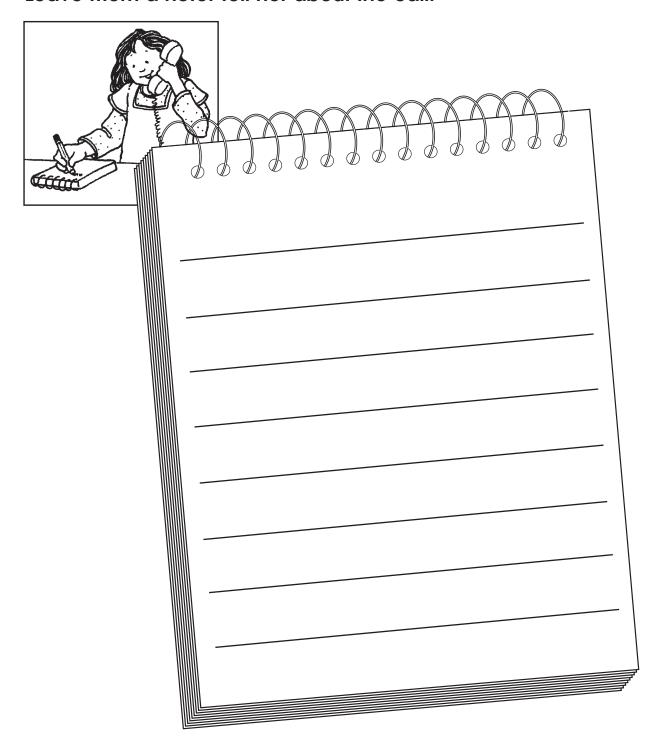
1.	

2.	

6		

### **DRAFTING: LEAVE A MESSAGE**

Mrs. Lopez calls. She wants to talk to Mom. But Mom is out. Leave Mom a note. Tell her about the call.



Name
DRAFTING: WRITE A REVIEW
Think of a movie you saw, a book you read, or a TV show you watched. Write about it. Tell what you liked, what you did not like, and why. Tell whether others would like it.

Name	
Name	

### **DRAFTING: DESCRIBE A DREAM**

Think about a dream you had. It can be a good dream, a bad dream, or an odd dream. Write about it. Use lots of describing words. Make the reader want to keep reading!


### **DRAFTING: SORT THE SENTENCES**

Read the four topics in the box below. Then read the sentences that follow. Write A, B, C, or D to match each sentence with the correct topic.

- A. Training a New PetB. How to Build a FireC. At the HospitalD. My First Plane Ride

1.	The visiting hours were printed on the door.
2.	I felt so lucky that the window seat was mine!
3.	Wet wood will make too much smoke.
4.	Be firm, but gentle, and don't use too many words.
5.	It is not easy to teach a pet how to behave.
6.	Set the wood in a fireplace or inside a ring of stones.
7.	Always ask if the patient may have visitors.
8.	We got to the airport two hours early.
9.	Keep a pail of water nearby, just in case.
10	The flight crew was very friendly to me.
11.	If the patient is getting tired, it's time to leave.
12.	A well-trained pet makes a better family member.

Name	Э		
	EDITING: MAKE IT BETTER		
	Read each plain sentence. Think about how to make it more lively and more fun to read. Then rewrite the sentence.		
1. Th	ere were clouds in the sky.		
<b>2.</b> Th	e horse walked along the trail.		
3. Th	ney watched from behind the bushes.		
<b>4.</b> Th	e doorbell rang loudly.		
<b>5.</b> W	here did we leave that map?		

Name	
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### **EDITING: REMOVE EXTRA DETAILS**

Each paragraph below has a sentence that doesn't belong. Find that sentence and cross it out.

- The lamp won't go on. We check the cord, but it is plugged in. We check the bulb, but it works in another lamp. The television works fine. Maybe the lamp switch is broken.
- 2. The new kittens are so tiny! Their eyes are not open yet. Three of them are gray and two are white. The mama cat likes squeaky toys. We'll give away the kittens when they get older.
- **3.** The line at the theater was very long. The tickets cost \$7 for adults and \$4 for kids. We waited for more than a half hour to see the new adventure film. After all, it was opening day.
- **4.** I want to take harp lessons. Amy works at a music store. She knows a lot about guitars and drums. She answers people's questions. She works the cash register and answers the phone.

Name .....

### **EDITING: PICK THE SENTENCE**

Read each group of words. Find the group that is a complete sentence. Shade the letter beside that group.

- **1.** A Playing in the sand.
  - **B** At the park.
  - **C** Near the top of the hill.
  - **D** Let's dig in the sand.
- 2. A Loud and clear.
  - **B** So we can hear.
  - **c** Turn up the radio.
  - **D** Picked that station.
- **3.** A Grapes and bananas.
  - **B** He made a fruit salad.
  - c In the big bowl.
  - D On the kitchen counter.
- 4. A The first library.
  - **B** Had very few books.
  - c It was in an old house.
  - **D** Only one librarian.
- **5.** A May I have some tea?
  - **B** Too hot to drink now.
  - **c** Without sugar?
  - **D** In a cup and saucer.

- **6.** A Using finger paint.
  - **B** Made a poster.
  - **c** For the science project.
  - **D** They worked together.
- 7. A It was my first time.
  - **B** Learning to dive.
  - c Climbed the ladder.
  - **D** Afraid to jump at first.
- **8.** A Directions to the party.
  - **B** Here is the map.
  - c Having a great time!
  - **D** Lots of guests.
- **9.** A Bears and lions.
  - **B** Roaming free.
  - **C** The new zoo is open.
  - **D** Safe for the animals.
- **10.** A With your parents?
  - B Will you please call later?
  - C After the movie is over.
  - **D** With my birthday money.

Name	
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### **EDITING: CHOOSE THE BEST SENTENCE**

Choose the sentence in each group that sounds the best.

- 1. A The sun looks like an orange ball.
  - **B** Like an orange ball looks the sun.
  - **C** An orange ball the sun looks like.
- 2. A Outside my window a nest built by birds.
  - **B** Birds outside my window built a nest.
  - **C** Birds built a nest outside my window.
- 3. A Dan goes to bed earlier always than do I.
  - **B** Dan always goes to bed earlier than I do.
  - C Dan goes always to bed earlier I do than.
- 4. A Do you like that new book?
  - **B** That new book, do you like?
  - C Do you that new book like?
- **5.** A The ranger of the cave took us on a tour.
  - **B** Of the cave the ranger on a tour took us.
  - **C** The ranger took us on a tour of the cave.
- **6.** A I like of my cat to draw pictures.
  - **B** I like to draw pictures of my cat.
  - C My cat to draw pictures I like.
- 7. A Pancakes that looked like stars made Dad.
  - **B** Dad made stars that looked like pancakes.
  - **C** Dad made pancakes that looked like stars.
- **8.** A Sometimes we have eggs for supper.
  - **B** We have sometimes eggs for supper.
  - C Sometimes for supper have we eggs.

### **EDITING: FIX THE MISTAKES**

Here is the first draft of a letter. It has some mistakes. Each mistake is underlined. Find the answer choices that go with each underlined error. Choose the best answer to fix the mistake.

(I) March 26 2002

- 2 Dear Mrs Kelly?
- 3 Id like some information. My class is learning about boats. We hear that your museum 4 in Camden maine has many model boats to see. Is this true? Can our class visit? When are you open?
  - (5) <u>please answer Soon</u>. We hope to visit
  - 6 in april! Thanks for your help.

Your friend,

Chip A. Hoy

- **1.** A march 26, 2002
  - **B** March 26: 2002
  - C March 26, 2002
- 2. A Dear Mrs. Kelly?
  - **B** Dear Mrs. Kelly,
  - c Dear Mrs. Kelly.
- 3. A I'd like
  - B I had like
  - c I will like

- 4. A in Camden, maine.
  - B in Camden, Maine,
  - c in camden, maine,
- **5.** A Please answer Soon.
  - **B** Please Answer Soon.
  - c Please answer soon.
- 6. A in april.
  - B in April.
  - c in April?

### **PART 4:**

# RESEARCHING AND GATHERING INFORMATION



### LIBRARY RESOURCES (1)

Read the information in the box below. Then answer the questions about library materials.

Ben is getting a new fish tank. He wants to find a library book that can give him some useful information.

- In which area of the library will Ben find a book that will help him?
  - **A** fiction
  - **B** biography
  - **c** nonfiction
  - **D** sports
- 2. Which book would tell Ben about caring for fish?
  - **A** an atlas
  - **B** a book on pets
  - c an art book
  - **D** a dictionary
- **3.** Ben knows the name of a book to get. What part of the card catalog should he check?
  - **A** subject card
  - **B** index card
  - **c** author card
  - **D** title card

- **4.** Ben found the book. Where in it will Ben find the name of the author?
  - **A** in the glossary
  - **B** in the index
  - c on the title page
  - **D** in the table of contents
- 5. Ben wonders if the book tells about saltwater fish. He could check
  - A in Chapter 5.
  - **B** in the index.
  - **c** on the book jacket.
  - **D** in a review.
- **6.** Ben wonders what year this book was published. This fact is called
  - A the spine.
  - **B** the dedication.
  - c the call number.
  - **D** the copyright date.

Name .....

### **LIBRARY RESOURCES (2)**

Mark the best answer to each question below.

- Nancy wants to know about Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. In which volume of the encyclopedia will she look?
  - lacksquare
  - **B** M
  - CL
  - D K
- 2. Paul is writing a report on submarines. Which book might help him?
  - A Ships of Ancient Egypt
  - **B** Modern Ocean Vessels
  - C Into Outer Space
  - D Sea World, USA
- **3.** Libby wants to see a map of Mexico. Which is the best source for her to check?
  - **A** an atlas
  - **B** a dictionary
  - c a cookbook
  - **D** a Spanish magazine

- **4.** Eli is looking up the word waif. To which part of the dictionary should he turn?
  - A the beginning
  - **B** the middle
  - c the end
  - **D** cannot tell
- **5.** Hallie wants to learn the meaning of *reckon*. It will be on the dictionary page that has which guide words?
  - A reach / rebus
  - **B** recall / record
  - c red / reek
  - **D** remember / repeat
- 6. Joe wants to see pictures of underground passages. Which might be the best place for him to look?
  - A an adventure video
  - **B** a science filmstrip
  - c a CD-ROM on caves
  - **D** Web site for New York

### WRITE TOGETHER: GROUP STORIES

Write a group story with your students. Work through the steps of the writing process with a small group or with the whole class. Invite children to suggest sentences, descriptions, conclusions, questions, dialogue, illustrations, and so on. Record the story on chart paper, an overhead projector, or the chalkboard. Encourage children to help revise the story to make it better.

Here are some ideas for group stories:

- Write a story about something sad.
- Write a story about something odd.
- Write a story about something funny.
- Write a story about something old.
- Write a story about a shock.
- Write a story about a daydream.
- Write a story about a ghost.
- Write a story about an unusual trip.

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### WRITER'S SELF-EVALUATION CHECKLIST

Use this checklist to check your writing.

☐ Does every sentence have a complete thought?
Does every sentence start with a capital letter?
☐ Did I use the right end marks?
☐ Did I indent new paragraphs?
☐ Did I stick to my topic?
☐ Did I leave out any words?
☐ Did I give enough details and facts?
Does my piece say what I want it to say?
Does my introduction grab readers?
Does my piece have a clear ending?
☐ Did I check my grammar?
☐ Did I check my spelling?
☐ Is my handwriting neat and clear?
☐ Did I remember to write a title?

### **TEACHER NOTES and SELECTED ANSWERS**

**Test-Taking Practice**; **More Test-Taking Practice** (pp. 7-8)

Provide additional practice with any type of directions children have difficulty with.

#### **Part 1: General Concepts of Writing**

Plan a Trip; Make a List; Invite a Friend; Leave a Note; Make a Chart; Finish the Chart (pp. 10–15) Evaluate open-ended activities in terms of children's ability to communicate key ideas.

**Labels (1) (p. 16)** 

1. gate 2. toe or big toe 3. eye or wink 4. pouch or baby 5. arm 6. fire or flame Labels (2) (p. 17)

1. bun or roll or hot dog 2. cloud or rain or storm 3. gas or pump 4. wing 5. logs or fire 6. stamp

Write a Word (p. 18)

Sample answers: 1. chin 2. shoe 3. prize 4. sneeze 5. trick 6. clown 7. thing 8. spark 9. white 10. drink

Words and Spaces; Tell About It (1, 2) (pp. 19-21) Evaluate in terms of children's ability to communicate key ideas.

Make a Sentence (p. 22)

1. The cat is old. 2. Where are my slippers? 3. Let's bake some cookies. 4. This book is too hard. 5. Who knows the right answer?

Write Some More (p. 23)

Evaluate children's ability to complete a sentence and write a second sentence that continues the idea.

**Name the Group (1) (p. 24)** 

1. feathers 2. cameras 3. boats. Sentences will vary.

Name the Group (2) (p. 25)

1. kitchen tools 2. shapes 3. shells. Sentences will vary.

Finish the Paragraphs (p. 26)

Evaluate children's ability to stick to the main idea of the given paragraph.

**Put in Order (1) (p. 27)** 

Order: 1, 3, 2; stories will vary.

**Put in Order (2) (p. 28)** 

Order: 3, 4, 2, 1; stories will vary.

What Happened Before?; What Happens Next?; Tell a Story (1, 2); Write a Report; Take a Message (pp. 29-34)

Evaluate children's explanation, story, and clarity of details.

## Part 2: Conventions of Grammar, Mechanics, and Style

Find the Noun (p. 36)

1. C 2. B 3. D 4. B 5. C 6. A 7. D 8. C 9. D 10. D 11. D 12. A

Noun Names (p. 37)

1. thing 2. place 3. persons 4. thing or idea 5. person 6. persons 7. thing 8. idea 9. things 10. idea 11. person 12. idea

Write the Plural (p. 38)

2. soldiers 3. desks 4. benches

5. foxes 6. cities 7. families 8. turkeys

9. leaves 10. lives 11. children 12. men

13. feet 14. geese 15. deer

Write the Singular (p. 39)

2. apple 3. chair 4. lunch 5. box

6. candy 7. berry 8. monkey 9. knife

10. half 11. hero 12. echo 13. sheep

14. woman 15. mouse

Pick the Pronoun (p. 40)

1. c 2. a 3. d 4. a 5. c 6. b 7. b 8. c 9. d 10. a

Find the Verb (p. 41)

1. C 2.B 3. C 4. C 5. A 6.B 7. A 8. C

9. B 10. B 11. C 12. A

Pick the Verb Form (p. 42)

1.a 2.b 3.b 4.a 5.b 6.b 7.a 8.c 9.b 10.c

Use the Verb (p. 43)

Evaluate sentences on completion, clarity, and correct usage of the given verb.

Use Verb Tenses (p. 44)

2. blow 3. drank 4. dug

5. brought 6. forget 7. leave 8. seen

9. told 10. wrote

Use a Better Verb (p. 45)

Answers will vary. Sample answers: 1. strutted,

### **TEACHER NOTES and SELECTED ANSWERS**

raced, sauntered 2. gobbled, chomped, gulped 3. raced, flew, sprinted 4. plodded, trudged, limped 5. dove, crept, scurried 6. create, whip up, invent 7. sprawled, plopped, relaxed 8. deposit, leave, throw

Find the Adjective (p. 46)

2.B 3.C 4.A 5.D 6.C 7.A 8.C 9.A 10.C 11.C 12.B

#### Make Comparisons (p. 47)

2. oldest 3. bigger 4. better 5. worse6. funny/funniest 7. happier 8. busier9. worst 10. bluer

#### Use a Better Adjective (p. 48)

Answers will vary. Sample answers: 1. silky, thick, lush 2. colorful, glorious, spectacular 3. adorable, chubby, darling 4. foolish, ridiculous, pointless 5. luxurious, fancy, stylish 6. magnificent, breathtaking, amazing 7. enjoyable, pleasing, entertaining

Answer With Adverbs (p. 49)

Sentences will vary. Sample answers: 1. Bears always take a long sleep in the winter.

2. Bears usually sleep in a cave. 3. They eat hungrily. 4. The growl of an angry bear rings loudly through the air. 5. You can sometimes see a real bear in a zoo.

#### Combine Two Sentences (p. 50)

Combined sentences may vary. Sample answers: 1. but 2. since, because 3. but 4. because, for, since 5. and

#### Use Figures of Speech (p. 51)

1.a 2.c 3.b 4.d 5.b 6.a 7.c 8.c

#### Explain Figures of Speech (p. 52)

Revisions will vary. Sample answers: 1. As the teacher told the story, the class listened closely. 2. Don't stall, just say it. 3. One day, you'll wish you hadn't said that. 4. It's midnight! Shouldn't we go to sleep?

#### Spelling Sounds (p. 53)

1. phone/photographs 2. queen/question mark 3. shovel/shark 4. thimble/thirty 5. knife/knot 6. skunk/skateboard

#### Write a Word (1, 2) (pp. 54-55)

Answers will vary. Check that students

5. Those two never agree on anything.

have written words that begin (or end) with the given sound(s).

#### Spell Check (p. 56)

1. midle 2. barje 3. No Mistake
4. fraktion 5. No Mistake 6. explane
7. dinnor 8. No Mistake 9. blankit
10. lether 11. childrun 12. meself
13. No Mistake 14. gardin 15. monky

#### Spelling Mistakes (p. 57)

1. C 2.A 3.B 4.A 5.B 6.C 7.A 8.A 9.A 10.B

#### **Uppercase and Lowercase (p. 58)**

1. H/h 2. d/D 3. R/r 4. l/L 5. w/W 6. t/T 7. i/I 8. S/s

#### Form Compound Words (p. 59)

1-4. jellyfish, baseball, backpack, birthday 5-8. Evaluate sentences on clarity and completeness.

#### Homophones (p. 60)

1. eight 2. whole 3. meet 4. plain 5. blew 6. write 7. flour 8. won 9. pair 10. week

#### End Marks (p. 61)

1.? 2.! 3.. 4.? 5.! 6.? 7.. 8.! 9.? 10.!

#### Watch the Punctuation (p. 62)

1.B 2.C 3.A 4.C 5.A 6.B 7.C

# Part 3: Steps of the Writing Process

#### Prewriting activities (pp. 64-72)

Evaluate each activity in terms of completeness, clarity, cohesion, and children's ability to communicate responses that satisfy the given task.

#### **Drafting: Which Belongs?** (p. 73)

1. spare tire 2. bookshelf 3. ice-cube tray. Topic sentences will vary.

#### **Drafting: Supporting Details (p. 74)**

Supporting sentences will vary. Evaluate whether they follow the topic sentence.

#### Drafting: Beginning, Middle, End (p. 75)

Stories will vary. Evaluate for order, clarity, and completeness.

#### **Drafting: Organize a Story (p. 76)**

Sample responses: 1. Dad came home early

### **TEACHER NOTES and SELECTED ANSWERS**

Monday. He was in a very happy mood. "I have some good news," he said. Dad took us all to a restaurant. There he shared his news. 2. We made oatmeal by ourselves. It stuck to the pan. We spilled the milk on the floor. What a mess we made!

#### **Drafting: Write the Steps (p. 77)**

Steps will vary. Evaluate for order, completeness, clarity, and the inclusion of key information.

#### **Drafting activities** (pp. 78-80)

Drafts will vary; evaluate for clarity, completeness, and how well the children communicated their ideas on the topic.

#### **Drafting: Sort the Sentences** (p. 81)

1. C 2. D 3. B 4. A 5. A 6. B 7. C 8. D 9. B 10. D 11. C 12. A

#### Editing: Make It Better (p. 82)

Revisions will vary. Sample answers:
1. There were fluffy white clouds in the blue sky. 2. The chestnut horse walked slowly but surely along the rugged trail.
3. They watched silently from behind the thick berry bushes. 4. The front doorbell

rang loudly, interrupting our dinner.

5. Where did we leave that road map of how to get to the lake?

#### Editing: Remove Extra Details (p. 83)

1. The television works fine. 2. The mama cat likes squeaky toys. 3. The tickets cost \$7 for adults and \$4 for kids. 4. I want to take harp lessons.

#### **Editing: Pick the Sentence** (p. 84)

1.D 2.C 3.B 4.C 5.A 6.D 7.A 8.B 9.C 10.B

#### **Editing: Choose the Best Sentence** (p. 85)

1.A 2.C 3.B 4.A 5.C 6.B 7.C 8.A Editing: Fix the Mistakes (p. 86)

1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. C 6. B

# Part 4: Researching and Gathering Information

Library Resources (1) (p. 88)

1. C 2. B 3. D 4. C 5. B 6. D

Library Resources (2) (p. 89)

1.D 2.B 3.A 4.C 5.B 6.C

### **NOTES**